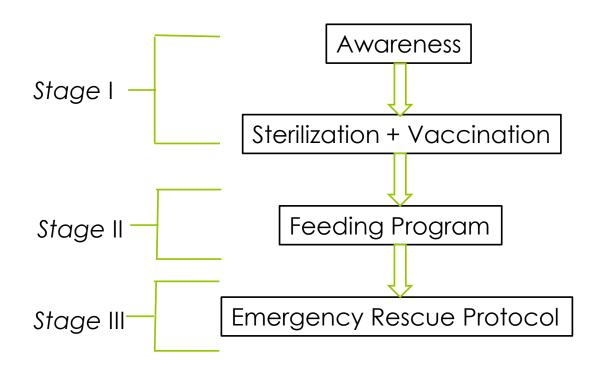
We Are Strays (WAS)

The WAS Model



Awareness

- 1. About benefits of Indi Dogs and necessity for co-existence
- 2. Available support from the NGOs
- 3. Talks from the NGO representatives to the association
- 4. Propose the easy sustainable model for the community
- 5. Define Responsibilities

Sterilization

- 1. Identify the NGO of our Zone
- 2. Partner with that NGO
- 3. Get comfortable with the dogs to assemble them at a point
- 4. Volunteer to assist the NGO to avoid relocation

Vaccination

- 1. 1 ARV + 1 distemper shots at the time of sterilization
- 2. Collect the Vaccination Cards for these identified dogs
- 3. Follow up yearly ARVs with the partner NGO

End of Stage 1

Identified the communities willing to adopt & Sterilization + Vaccination complete for the identified use cases

Responsibilities of the Association

- 1. Identify a responsible POC in the association for WAS program
- 2. Identify a feeding post outside the gate
- 3. Allocate some nominal funds
- 4. Spread awareness among the residents
- Encourage volunteers to join WAS volunteer templates to be provided
- Encourage Donations / sponsor a dog program
 Post the 80G tax exemption details for money spent with WAS
- 7. No relocation/manhandling of dogs allowed

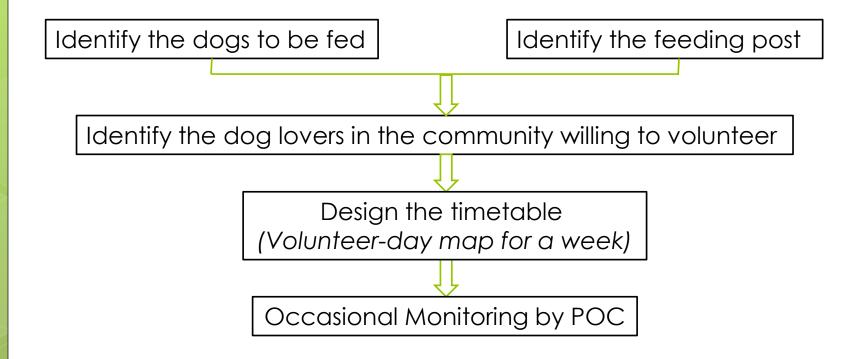
Responsibilities of the POC

- 1. Monitor the feeding scheduled
- 2. Be aware of the partner NGOs, their helplines and processes outlined
- 3. Immediate attention in case of emergency
- 4. Maintain the vaccination card and track the due dates
- 5. Secure nominal funds
- 6. Identify a substitute in case of absence

The Feeding Post Basics

- 1. No bowls
- 2. 1 big meal a day fix a time
- 3. Where ? outside the gate
- 4. What ? Rice and meat waste boiled (pet dabbas available at Canine Cuisine)
- 5. Cost ? Around Rs 250 / dog / month
- 6. Feed the dominant dog first
- Money spent on food / sponsor a dog tax exempted under 80G

The Feeding Post Model



End of Stage II

Self Sustaining Feeding posts set up for the identified communities & Interested volunteers Identified

Emergency Rescue Protocol

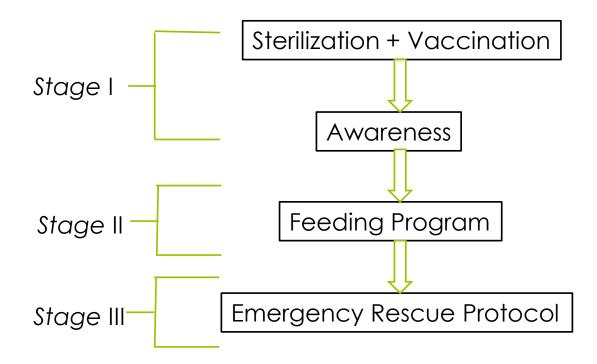
Form a WAS volunteers group for emergency rescue –

- 1. Emergency protocols
- 2. Immediate closest vet care
- 3. Transports
- 4. Hospitalization
- 5. Fosters

End of Stage III

Empowered to handle emergencies

The Model - Revisiting



What Now ?

- Address Suzie's dog with Stage I solution Get the stats (#dogs, #males, #females, behavior)
- 2. Identify 2 cooperative communities to pilot the model

What Next ?

- 1. Divide the Varthur road stretch into zones (per sq km) and implement the model with identified volunteers/associations in these zones
- 2. Continued Awareness campaigns about adopting Indi dogs - Stray puppies Adoption camps
- 3. Publicity Camps to raise funds
- 4. Sponsorships from corporates
- 5. Adopt the besties from the Bombay success story and more

Wildlife A growing Need

Birds Snakes Terrapin Squirrel Monkeys Mangoose

MHA S

Whitefield 200 species of insects 53 species of birds

Monkey Catching – very high costs involved

Wildlife Rescue by authorized rescuers involves a cost factor

Relocation is not a solution

sustainable way of wildlife management

Gerry Martin

Sumanth Madhav

Handling the situation is easier than we imagine

Community Conservation Model Relocation is not the solution

- 1. Awareness Programs to the residents and guards
 - Identify the species
 - Handling the situation
 - Basic first aid
- 2. Urban biodiversity Study on conservation for kids
- 3. Get volunteers authorized from government

Thank You !!!